

October 5, 2018

**VIA ECF AND OVERNIGHT DELIVERY**

Hon. Scott S. Harris  
Clerk of the Supreme Court of the United States  
1 First Street, NE  
Washington, DC 20543

Re: Livnat v. Palestinian Authority, No. 17-508.

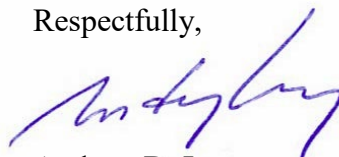
Dear Mr. Harris:

I am writing on behalf of petitioners to inform the Court that the Antiterrorism Clarification Act of 2018 (“ATACA”), passage of which was the subject of petitioners’ Supplemental Brief filed on September 14, 2018, was signed by the President on October 3, 2018, thus becoming law. *See* Public Law No: 115-253. The 120 days by which respondent Palestinian Authority must elect whether to consent to personal jurisdiction, which began to run upon the President’s signature, expires on January 31, 2019.

Petitioners note that respondent has not informed the Court that it will decline to consent to personal jurisdiction by refusing to accept further U.S. assistance after the 120-day cutoff, nor has it otherwise opposed the relief sought in petitioners’ Supplemental Brief.

As requested in their Supplemental Brief, petitioners respectfully request that the Court either grant certiorari, vacate judgment, and remand these cases so that the lower courts can determine in the first instance whether they can exercise personal jurisdiction over the Palestinian Authority pursuant to ATACA, or briefly hold the Petition for Certiorari for at least 120 days after ATACA’s enactment, that is, until January 31, 2019.

Respectfully,



Andrew D. Levy  
Counsel of Record for Petitioners

ADL/ld

cc: Gassan A. Baloui, Esquire (Counsel of Record for Respondent)  
Mitchell R. Berger, Esquire  
Alexandra E. Chopin, Esquire  
(via ECF and email)